



Climate Change and New York City's Sustainable Investments in Water Supply and Water Quality











Carter Strickland, Commissioner

Association of Metropolitan Water Agencies

October 18, 2011

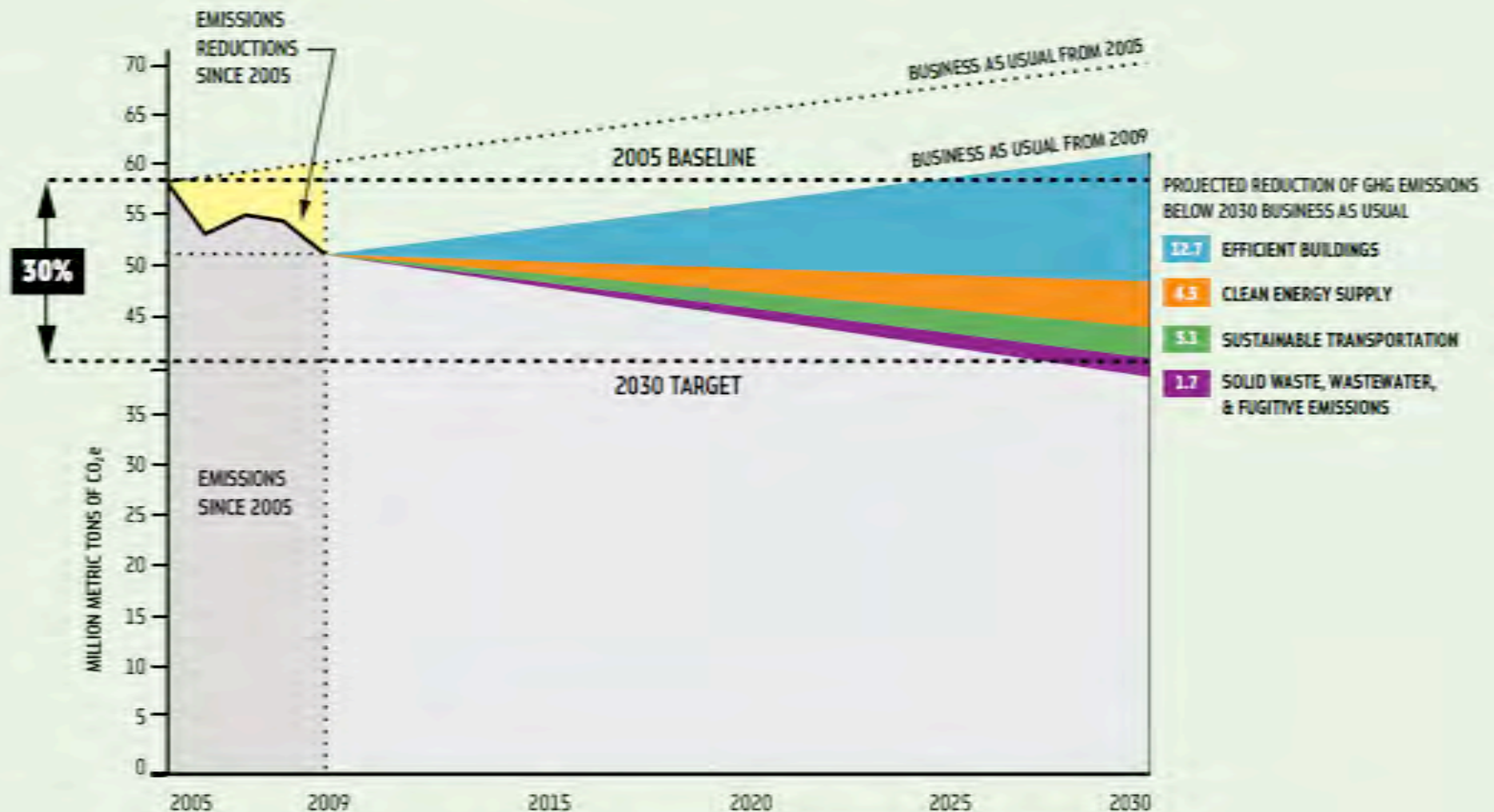
Comprehensive Sustainability Plan for NYC



-  **Housing and Neighborhoods**
-  **Parks and Public Space**
-  **Brownfields**
-  **Waterways**
-  **Water Supply**
-  **Transportation**
-  **Energy**
-  **Air Quality**
-  **Solid Waste**
-  **Climate Change**

NYC GHG Footprint and Role of Buildings

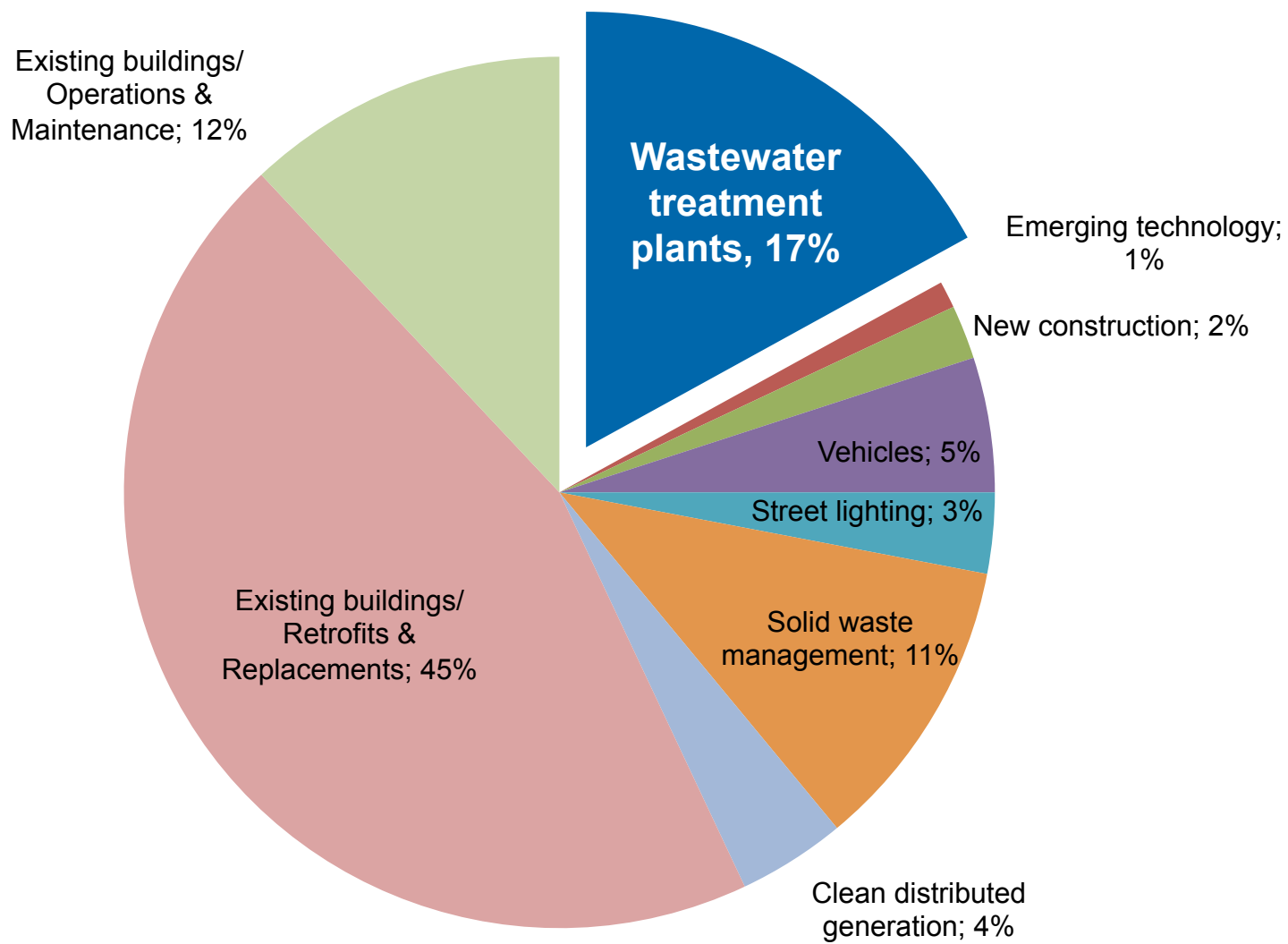
Projected Impacts of Our Greenhouse Gas Reduction Strategies



Source: NYC Mayor's Office and M.J. Beck Consulting, LLC

Goal to Reduce City Government GHGs by 30%

Sources of Potential GHG Emissions Reductions to reach PlaNYC Goal of 30% by 2017



Climate change affects two core components of DEP's mission



Water Supply



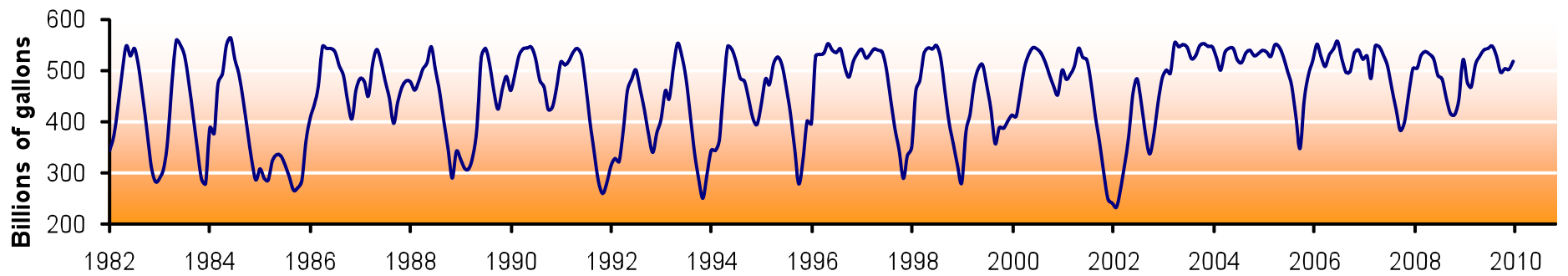
Stormwater Management

Impacts of Climate Change on NYC

	Baseline 1971–2000	2020s	2050s	2080s
Air Temperature	55°F	+ 1.5 to 3°F	+ 3 to 5°F	+ 4 to 7.5°F
Precipitation	46.5 in	+ 0 to 5%	+ 0 to 10%	+ 5 to 10%
Sea Level Rise	NA	+ 2 to 5 in	+ 7 to 12 in	+ 12 to 23 in
Rapid Ice-Melt Sea Level Rise	NA	+ 5 to 10 in	+ 19 to 29 in	+ 41 to 55 in

Source: New York City Panel on Climate Change

Drought & Competing Demands



Increased Turbidity

Ashokan Reservoir, NY



Watershed Protection Mitigates Risks



Source Water Protection Program

- ❖ 2,000 square mile watershed
- ❖ Catskill/Delaware is 10% farmland, 78% forest, 1% developed
- ❖ 580 billion gallon capacity; supplies ~ 1.1 billion gallons/day to 9 million people
- ❖ Filtration plant (>\$10 billion) avoided for Cat/Del system
- ❖ Sustainable watershed protection endorsed in 10 year FAD (2007 to 2017)
- ❖ \$1.5 billion spent to date
- ❖ 109,000+ acres acquired DEP will allocate an additional \$241 million for land acquisition, \$175 Million for other FAD programs (over 5 years)

Land Acquisition Program



- ❖ Willing seller/willing buyer only – fee or easement
- ❖ DEP pays fair market value based on appraisal and pays property taxes
- ❖ City manages all lands and allows recreational uses where consistent with water quality protection and public safety
- ❖ 120,000 acres purchased to date
- ❖ Received permit to continue program for 15 years in December 2010

Stream and Forest Management Programs



Stream Management Program

- ❖ Stabilizes failing stream beds and banks to prevent erosion
- ❖ Series of Management Plans and Demonstration Projects underway
- ❖ 50 restoration projects complete
- ❖ 5 Stream Management Plans complete
- ❖ Promotes sound stream protection practices with local partners; community participation key to program success

Forestry Program

- ❖ Forest Management Plan for city-owned lands
- ❖ 100,000+ privately-owned acres with Forest Management Plans
- ❖ Nearly 2,000 acres covered by riparian plans
- ❖ BMP Implementation
- ❖ Logger Training

Watershed Agricultural Program



Before



One year later

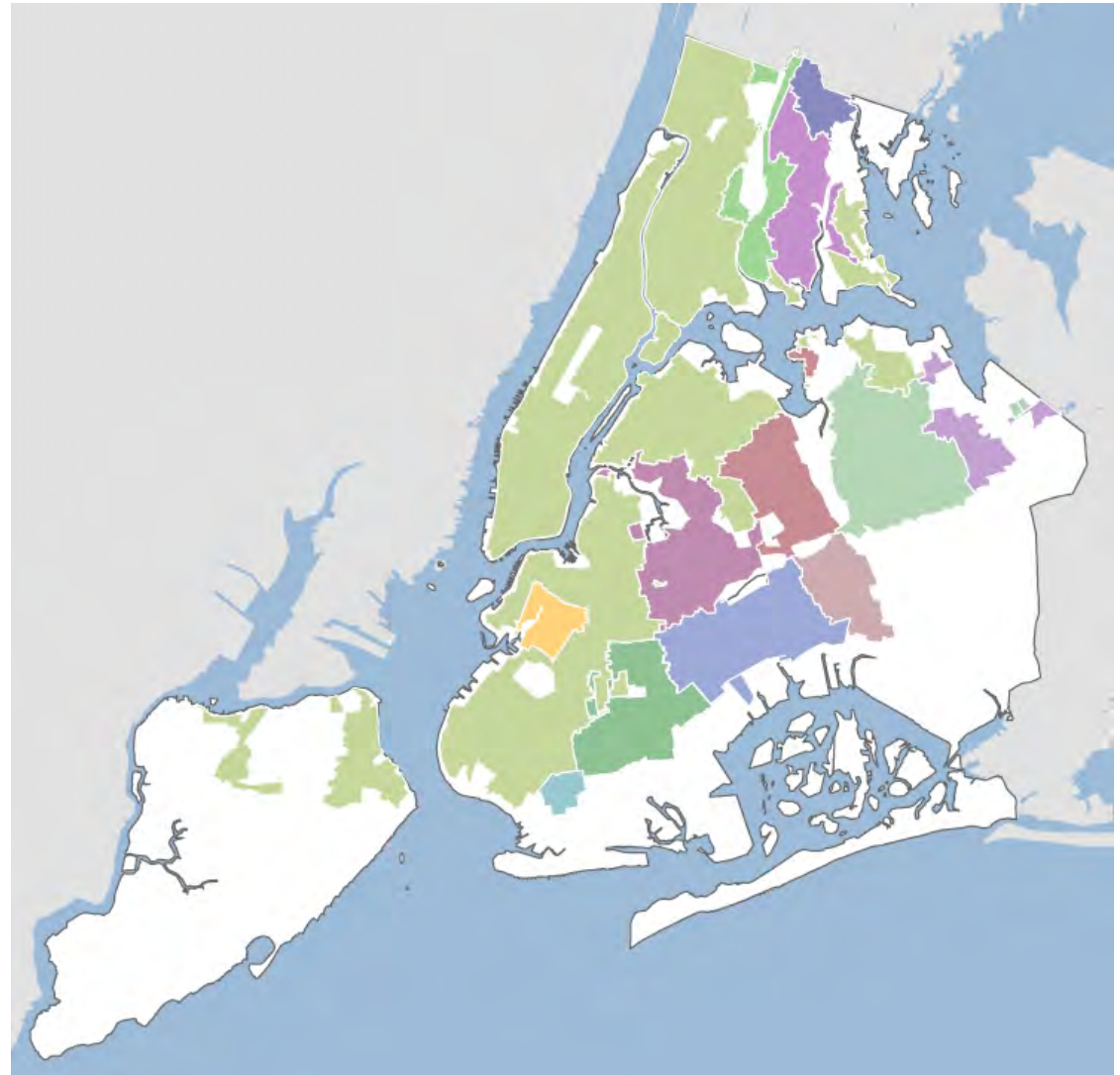
- ❖ Nearly 85% of all large farms in watershed are in Delaware County
- ❖ 96% of farms signed up for this voluntary program
- ❖ Approximately 5,000 BMPs implemented
- ❖ More than 62,000 acres managed under WFPs in 3 basins
- ❖ 1,978 acres of stream buffers protected through CREP
- ❖ New initiatives on small farms and EOH farms

Staten Island Bluebelts



Water Quality & Combined Sewer Overflows

- 13 different CSO drainage areas that service two-thirds of New York City
- 423 CSO outfalls
- New York City already experiences **30 billion gallons** of CSO per year
- Increased and more intense rainfall may lead to a higher volume of CSO in the New York Harbor
- 93% of Harbor meets standards for fishing and boating



New York City's 13 CSO Drainage Areas

Green Infrastructure



Green Roof



Blue Roof



Streetside Bioswale



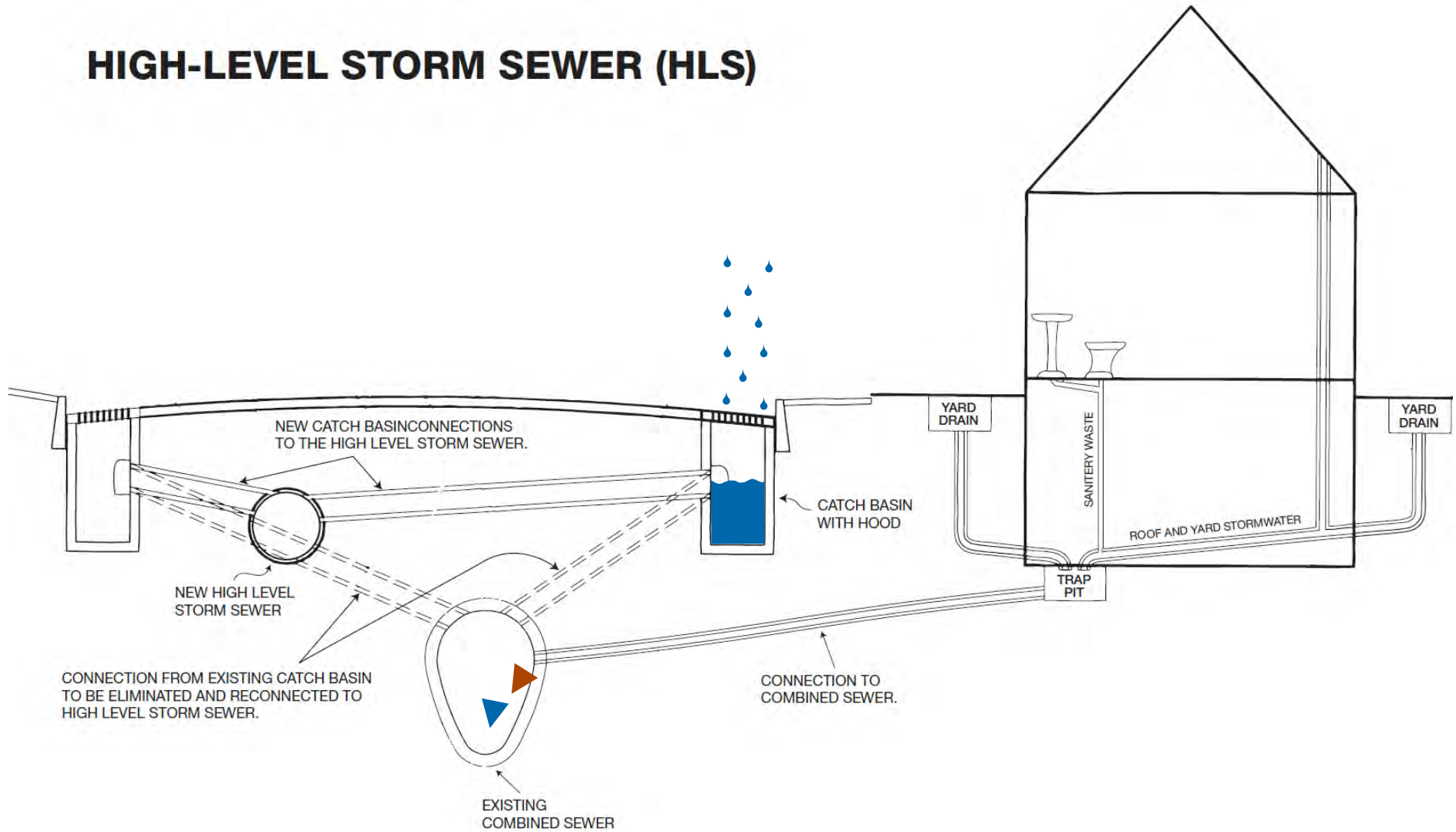
Porous Pavement

New Right of Way Bioswale



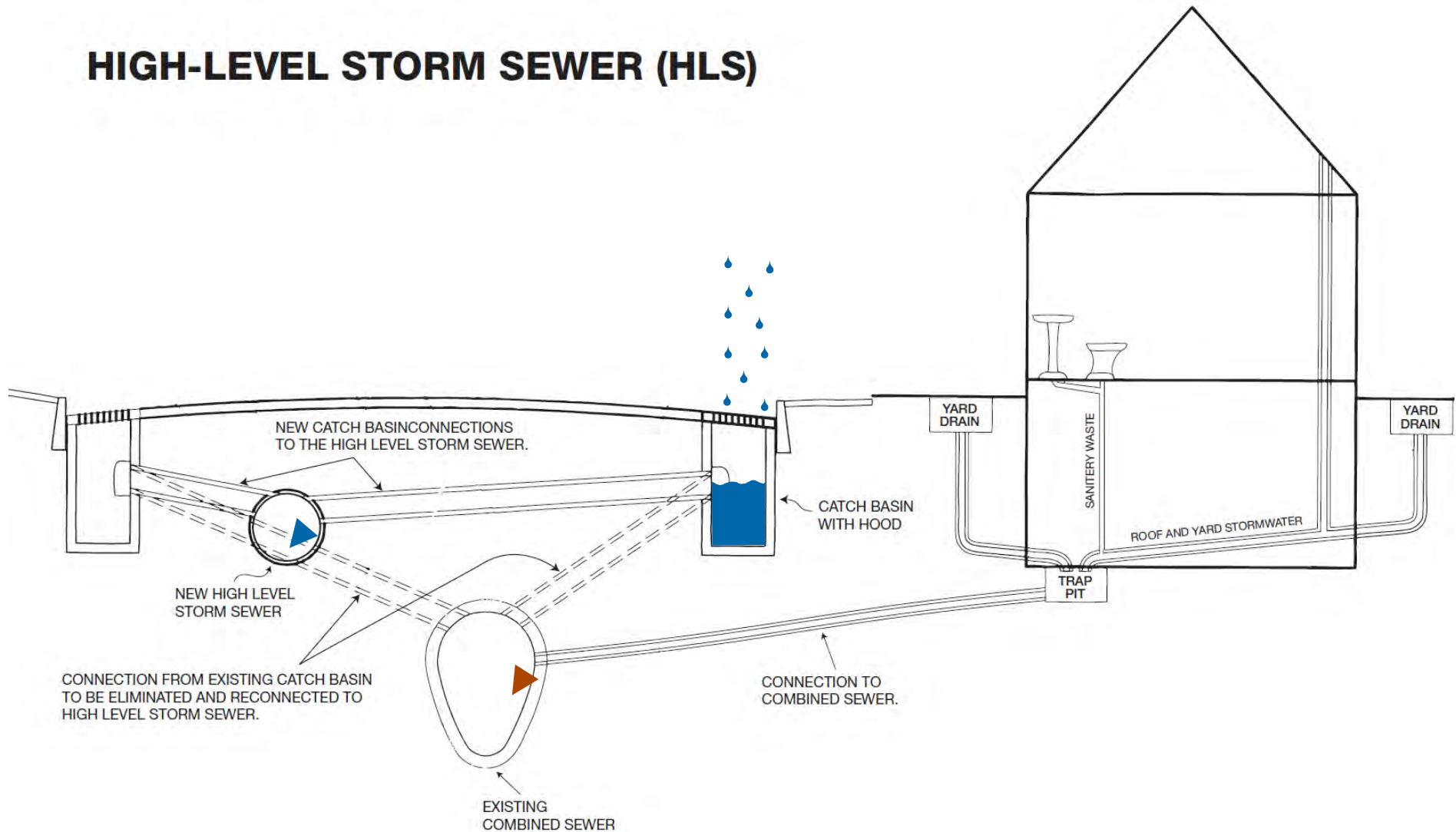
High-Level Storm Sewers

HIGH-LEVEL STORM SEWER (HLS)



High-Level Storm Sewers

HIGH-LEVEL STORM SEWER (HLS)

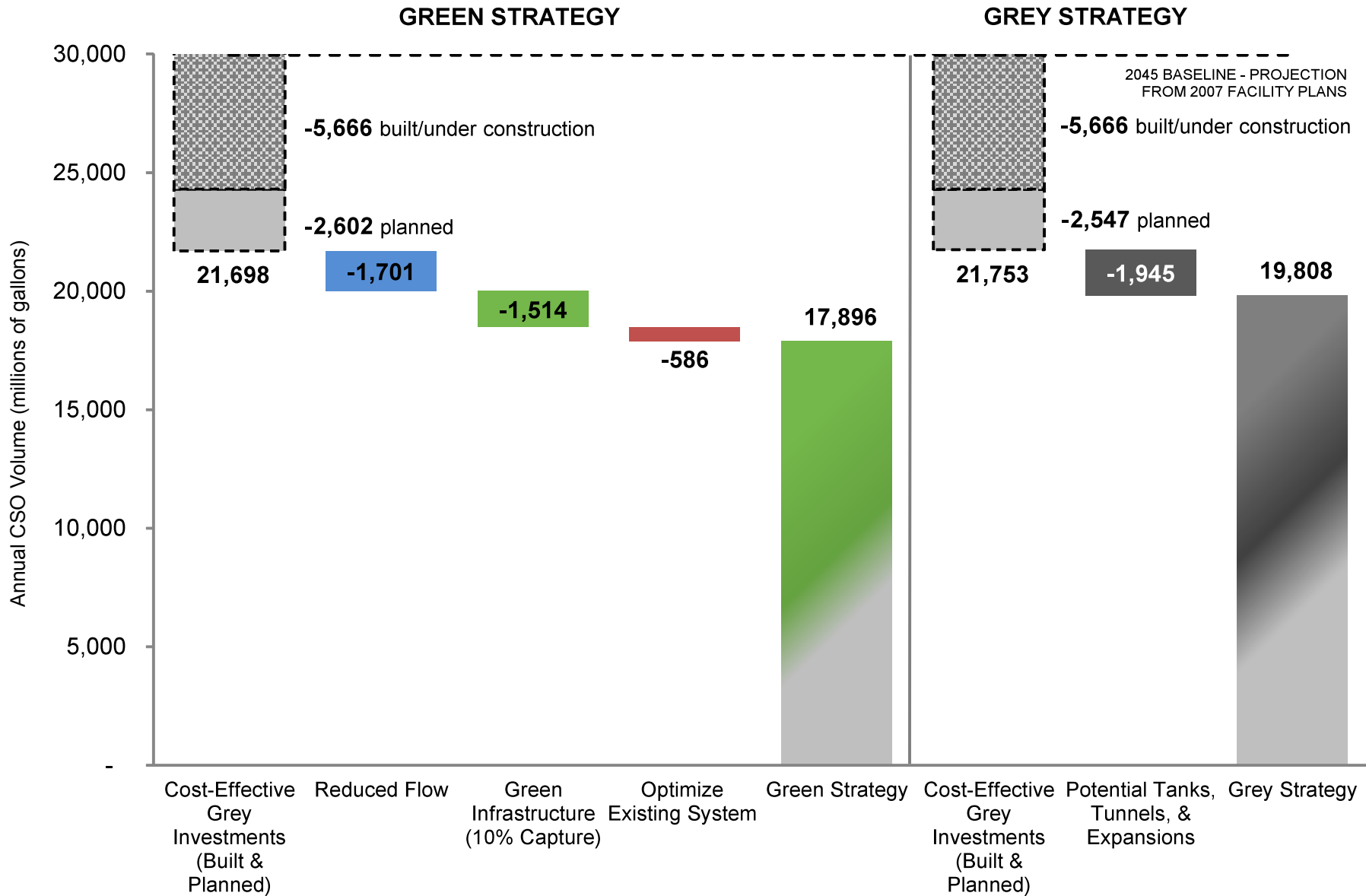


NYC Green Infrastructure Plan

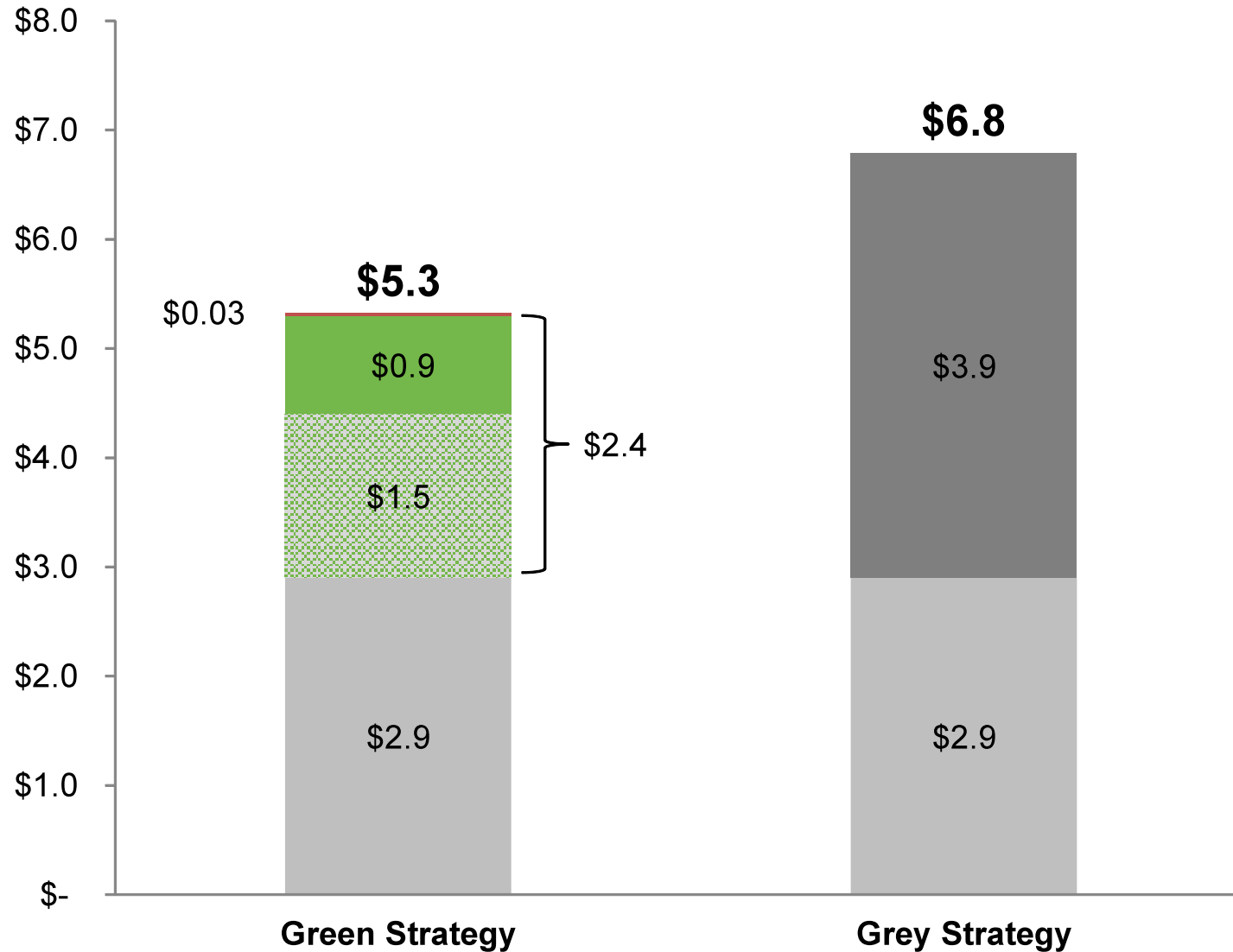


1. Build cost-effective grey infrastructure
2. Optimize the existing wastewater system
3. Control runoff from 10% of impervious surfaces through green infrastructure and other source controls
4. Institutionalize adaptive management, model impacts, measure CSOs, and monitor water quality
5. Sustained stakeholder engagement

Green Infrastructure Performance



Green Infrastructure Costs



- Potential Tanks, Tunnels, & Expansions
- Green Infrastructure - Private Investment
- Reduced Flow
- Optimize Existing System
- Green Infrastructure - Public Investment
- Cost-Effective Grey Investments

Additional Benefits

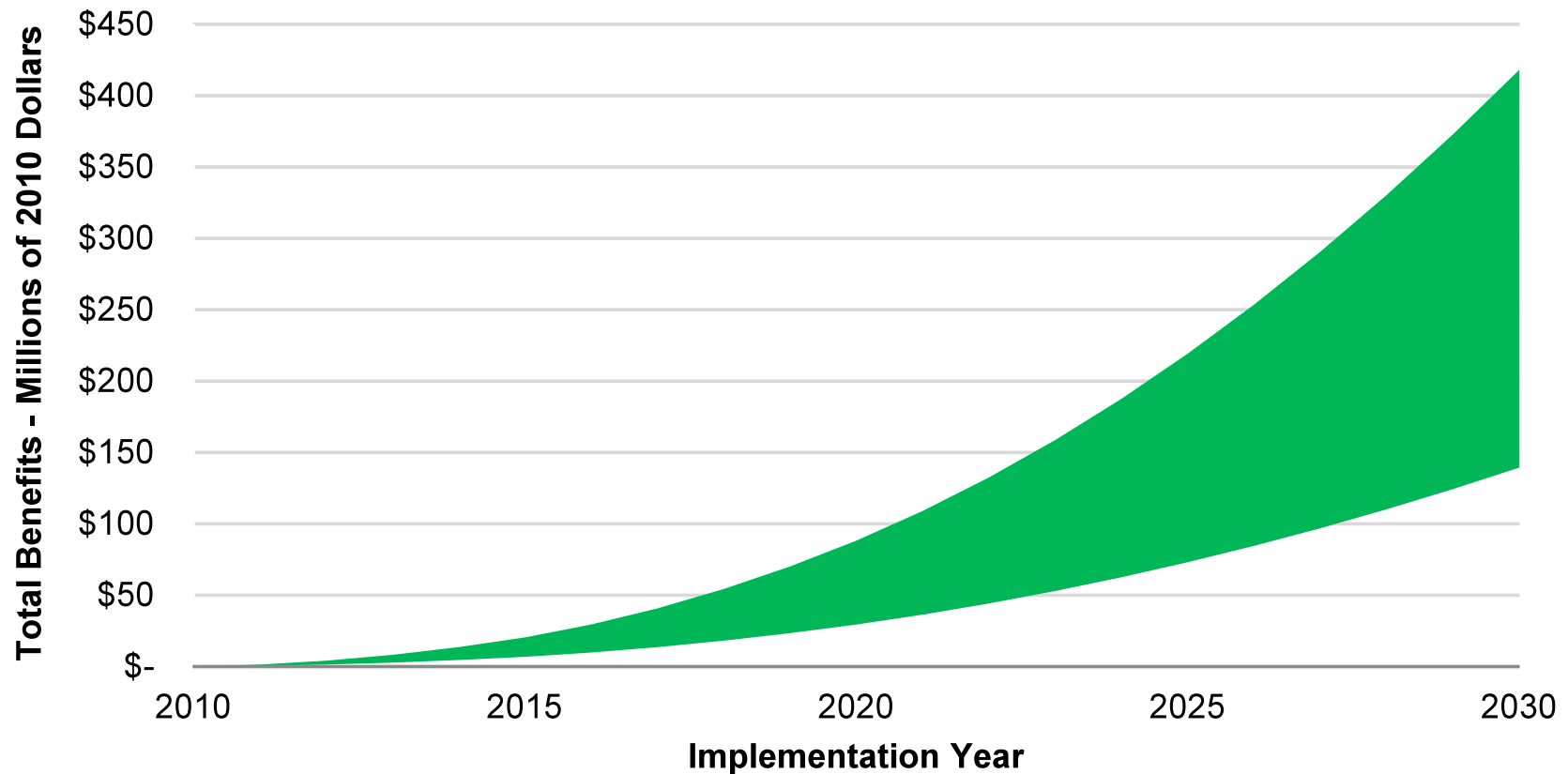


Annual benefits of green infrastructure per acre

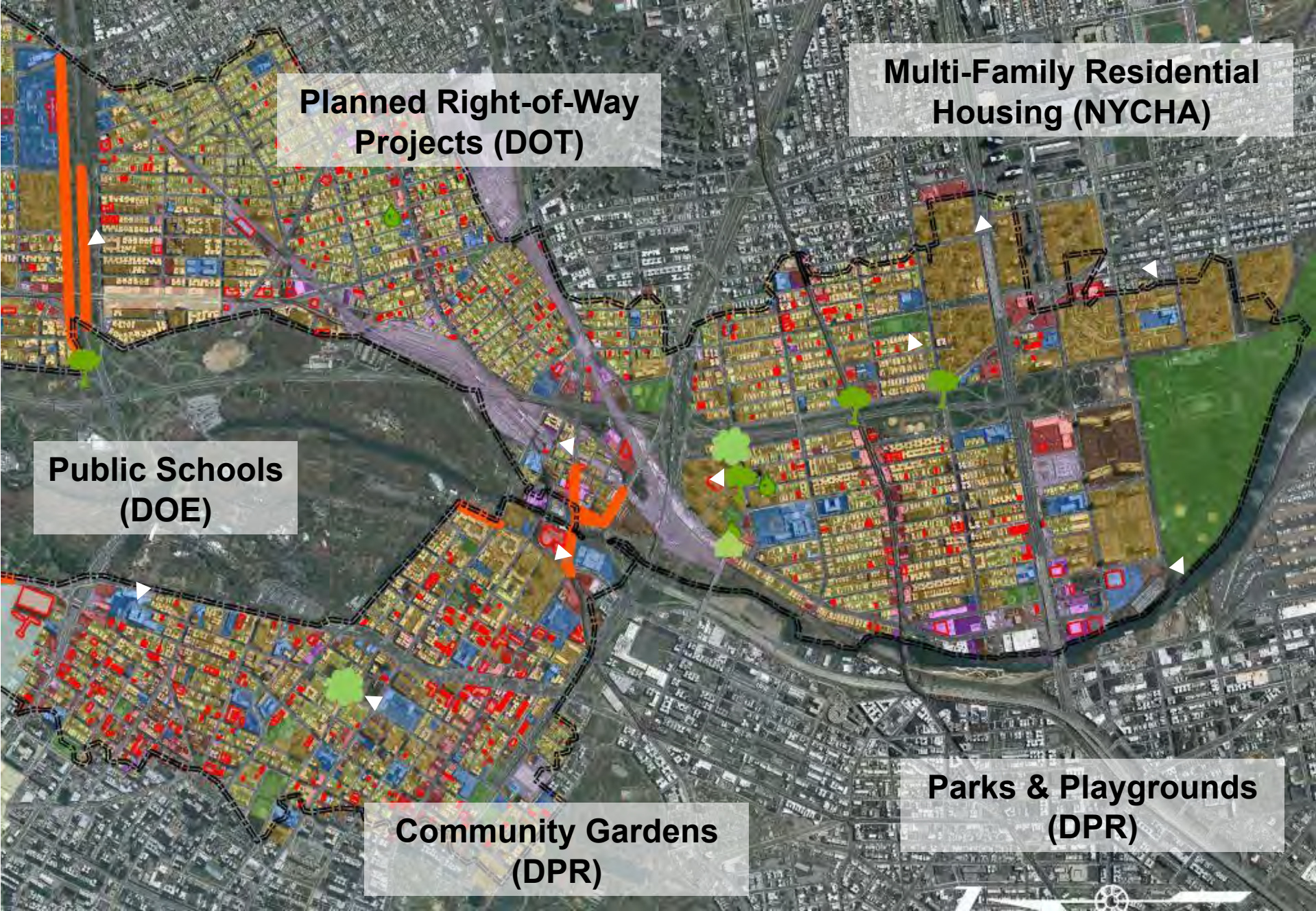
Reduced energy demand:	\$5,513
Reduced carbon dioxide:	\$117
Improved air quality:	\$759
Increased property value:	\$4,725

Acres of planted green infrastructure in 2030

25% planted green infrastructure	1,085 acres
75% planted green infrastructure	3,255 acres



Watershed Planning in the Bronx River



**Planned Right-of-Way
Projects (DOT)**

**Multi-Family Residential
Housing (NYCHA)**

**Public Schools
(DOE)**

**Community Gardens
(DPR)**

**Parks & Playgrounds
(DPR)**



For more information visit www.nyc.gov/dep

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